Semi-Weekly Globe.

WM. LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor.
A. TYHURST, Associate Editor.

TERMS.—"THE GLOBE" is published twice a week at $1.50 a year—75 cents for six months—50 cents for three months—*in advance.*

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Thursday afternoon, March 20, 1862.

Our Flag Forever.

NOTICE.

We have not the time nor the inclination, to dun personally, a large number of persons who have unsettled accounts upon our books of several years standing. We shall, therefore, from day to day, without respect to persons, place into the hands of a Justice for collection, all accounts of over two years standing. All those who wish to save expense, will do well to give us a call immediately.

Burnside Heard From.

How truly did Gen. McClellan remark in his address to the soldiers of the Army of the Potomac, when he said, "God smiles upon us! Victory attends us yet!" By reference to our war news of to-day, it will be seen that General Burnside has won another glorious victory at Newbern, North Carolina. The fight is said to have been the most desperate of the war.—Our soldiers acted like veterans, bravely facing and overcoming all obstacles in their way. The rebels were very strongly fortified for two miles along the Neuse river by seige batteries, which our gallant forces captured, one after another, after several bloody hand to hand contests. After their ammunition became exhausted, an order was given to charge bayonets, which was heroically complied with, the entire force rushing upon the enemy, which compelled them to retreat. In the precipitate flight of the enemy, he left everything behind, and large quantities of military stores of every description fell into our possession.—All this was accomplished without the aid of the naval fleet, as the fog was so dense, that the fleet could not operate in conjunction with the land force. All is well, and we say three times three and a tiger for the Burnside Expedition. We have new cause to praise the Lord, for he has again shown his approval of our struggle for personal liberty and freedom, by crowning us with another victory, which will cause every patriot heart to thrill with joy, and every chord to vibrate with new energy in the holy work of crushing rebellion, and forever blotting out treason from off the land of God's own chosen people.

THE REBELS are becoming heartily sick of the situation in which they find themselves at present. Driven like sheep from every stronghold by the Union forces as they advance, they have become discouraged, disheartened and demoralized. As our army of the Potomac advance, they find nothing but devastation and ruin. The flight of the rebels from Manassas and Centreville was evidently attended with the greatest disorder and confusion, and so hurriedly made, that they left almost everything behind they could not destroy or carry with them, and as they proceeded on their journey southward, the terror must have increased ten-fold, as our army pick up any amount of arms, overcoats, etc., etc., as they penetrate the "sacred soil."—The devastating hand of treason marks its way, and wherever it has been, ruin and desolation are left behind. Can such a cause prosper? Our army is hailed with delight by the Union men of the South as their deliverer from what they consider worse than bondage. Their homes and their firesides desolated and profaned by a ruthless and relentless foe, they have become tired of the experiment of erecting a new Government, and, with tears in their eyes, and prayers on their lips, they embrace the Union soldier.

WHAT IT COST.—It now appears that John Bull's attempt to "bully" us has cost him a great deal more than was at first supposed. Among the recent items of English news is the following:

In the House of Commons, on the 17th inst., the supplementary estimates for the naval and military expenditure on the Trent affair, amounting in all to £973,000, were moved and unanimously agreed to. In American money that is $4,865,000.

It is no wonder that the English people are taxed up to the eyelids, when every little eccentricity costs them so dearly. It would be better for them to keep in a good humor, and endeavor to practice a cool philosophy. They may save by it.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS—new and improved styles—just received and for sale at LEWIS' Book Store.

IF ANY man has gained notoriety in the present struggle for freedom, it is certainly, the arch-traitor and prince of thieves, Hon. (?) John B. Floyd. Not content with robbing the Government that fostered and kept him from the day he left his mother's knee, to cap the whole, he takes a command, in the position of a Brigadier General, in the rebellious army, which position he is about as capable of filling as a monkey is the position of President of the United States; and, by the way, Floyd reminds us as much of a monkey, as any specimen of the *genus homo* we have ever read of. Imitating the example of others, he is as brave and chivalrous as a hero until the hour of danger, when, like a cowardly poltroon that he is, he skulks off in the darkness, and leaves his companions in guilt to take care of themselves as best they can, while he makes sure of No. 1. Not content with stealing "himself away" at Fort Donelson, he must needs write a long report of his daring exploits and personal bravery, and also take the stump at Nashville and other rebel rendezvous, and assure, in person, his co-laborers in crime, what monstrous military achievements he has accomplished; for which imaginary services the misguided dupes of the Southern oligarchy applaud and laud him to the skies. Jeff Davis, the President of the so-called Southern Confederacy, looking at his distinguished (?) services in another light, revokes or suspends his military authority as Brigadier General until a more satisfactory account is given of his exploits. Poor Floyd! unhappy and unfortunate creature that thou art. When will thy troubles have an end in this world? Not until thou hast been hung higher than Haman, and thousands of others like you, have atoned for the bloody crimes which are charged against you.

WHILE hotly and hastily pursuing the enemy, we are suddenly brought to a halt to consider who is to atone for the rivers of blood that are made to flow in the course of the rebellion. It will certainly have to be atoned for, and it rests upon the heads of the arch-traitors who first betrayed their masters. While we claim it to be a necessity on our part, in order to save our altars and our firesides from devastation and ruin, the rebels have no plausible pretext whatever, more than that they sought the downfall of a nation to better their own condition. Having lost the confidence and respect of the nation, they plot its overthrow, to once more gain position and power, no matter at what cost of blood and treasure. Such are the men who brought on and control the rebellion; such are the men who seek to make slaves of us all; and with such men rests the murder of hundreds and thousands of their fellow human beings, slaughtered in the heat of battle to satisfy the selfish and false ambition of an aristocratic oligarchy. Already we imagine them suffering all the pains of hell's hottest, fiercest flames. They are doomed to a fiercer hell than was the rich man who refused to give Lazarus the crumbs that fell from his table.

WHEN "Lincoln's butchers" (as the rebels call our soldiers) get after Jeff Davis' sheep, they retreat, vamoose, toddle, cut stick, crowd sail, run off, skidaddle, anything, rather than meet a christian foe face to face, and die in defence of the "dirty rag" they have adopted as their National colors, in place of the beautiful flag which has waved over hundreds of victorious battle fields; which was never disgraced or dishonored by a loyal American; and which is, and ever will be, feared and respected by the whole civilized world.

CONFERENCE APPOINTMENTS.—*Juniata District.*—George D. Chenowith, P. E. Hollidaysburg, A. W. Gibson; Altoona, W. L. Spottswood; Woodbury, J. A. Melick, J. H. S. Clark; Schellsburg, N. W. Colburn, J. B. McClasky; Bedford Station, S. Kepler; Bedford Circuit, J. C. Clark, T. Greenly; Rainsburg, M. L. Smith; McConnellsburg, J. N. Spangler; Shirleysburg, J. M. Clark, G. W. Van Fossen; Concord, R. E Kelley, J. W. Cleaver; McVeytown, J. Anderson, J. C. Cook; New Grenada, A. Smith, L. D. Watson; Cassville, C. Graham; Huntingdon, J. Brads; Manor Hill, J. Moorhead, W. A. Houck; Williamsburg, E. W. Kirby; Birmingham, J. A. Coleman, W. W. Evans; Lewistown, J. Guyor; Lewistown Circuit, J. H. C. Smith; Kichacoquillas, William Gwynn, S. L. M. Conser, Chaplain in the U. S. Army, and member of Huntingdon Q. M. Conference.

The Military Bill.

On the 12th inst., the bill entitled "An Act to provide for the adjudication and payment of certain military claims," was under consideration.

The 3d section was read as follows:

SEC. 3. That the said board may also have the power to examine and adjudicate as aforesaid, the claims of all citizens of this Commonwealth who have been engaged in recruiting and organizing the volunteer forces of this State for the war, by authority, in writing, from the Governor of this State, or from the War department of the United States, or from persons thus duly authorized, according to their designated rank or position, for the time in which they were thus actually engaged at the rate of persons performing similar duties in the volunteer service of this State, but only in proportion to the real services rendered to the State.

Mr. Scott moved to add at the end of the section the following:

"*Provided*, That no claims shall be allowed or paid under this act to any officer who has been paid by the United States for the subsistence of men recruited by him or under his authority, until he shall have satisfied the board that he has paid in full all the debts contracted by him, in the name of the government, for the support of such men."

This amendment is designed to cover a specific class of cases which I know to exist. Encampments have been formed under the authority of officers who have been authorized by the War department, and perhaps under the authority of the State—although of that I am not certain. These officers in command of the camp have gone on and had men recruited and taken into their encampments. They have contracted debts in the neighborhood for the necessaries for the support of the men. They have presented their claims to the United States Government for the subsistence of those men at a certain rate per head, and those claims have been allowed. The officers under whose superintendence the encampments were conducted, have received the pay from the Government for the subsistence of those men, while the parties who have furnished the bread and the meat and the potatoes that the men have eaten, and the straw upon which the men have lain, have been unable to obtain their money.—Those men, in some cases, are not yet in the service of the United States, but under this law, they will present their claims to the accounting officers of the State for recruiting expenses.

Such a case has existed in my own district; and it is because of my knowledge of the existence of that case, and the supposition that there may be other cases of a similar character, that I offer this amendment. We had a camp established out in our country. We were very glad to see it established there; we welcomed it; but we would have been better satisfied if it had gained for itself a better reputation than it did. When I came to this place many of my constituents placed in my hands, bills made out against the United States government for beef, for potatoes—yes, sir, for the very bread upon which those men subsisted; and I was required to present them to the gentleman having charge of the encampment. I took them to Captain Dodge, the United States officer, supposing that they would be paid; but I there received the information in the shape of an official document that the subsistence of those men had been paid to the commanding officer of that encampment at the rate of forty cents per head per day. The commanding officer received this allowance for the subsistence of those men; yet the necessary articles furnished by the people of the surrounding country have not yet been paid for. Still, under this law, as it stands, the commanding officer of that encampment could go before this tribunal and demand pay for his services in recruiting men who were in that encampment. It would be wrong, it would be unjust, to permit the government thus to be imposed upon. I trust this explanation will be sufficient to secure the adoption of this proviso.

The amendment of Mr. Scott was agreed to.

Letter from Bowling Green, Ky.

[Special Correspondence of the Press.]

BOWLING GREEN, March 11, '62.

I started from Louisville at 7 o'clock this morning, and, after having proceeded about twenty miles, was started from my seat by a screaming of whistles, followed by a whang, bang, crash! The people all left the cars to ascertain the cause of so much noise, and found that our locomotive, with the loss of smoke-stack and Drummond light, lay snorting upon a baggage train, having completely demolished the rear car, and forced the entire train, except the locomotive, off the track. In a half hour after, about fifty men were at work upon the ruins, and before one o'clock we were again "onward to Nashville."

The farms, or plantations, upon each side of the railroad, as far as the land is concerned, are in fine condition, and from Louisville to Nolin, a distance of 53 miles, the dwellings, out-houses, fences, walls and other enclosures, etc., etc., call to my mind the neatness of New England farms; but after leaving Munfordsville, although the land is remarkably fine, everything seems disordered and out of place; fences broken down, walls tumbled over, out-houses lop-sided, and minor disarrangements on every hand. I ventured a soliloquy for the moment, actually forgetting that the farther I progressed South the more slave-labor was brought in requisition.

Words are inadequate to describe the scene of destruction between Munfordsville and Bowling Green. The work of demolishing everything valuable has been complete. Besides the bridges, every railroad-station has been burned or otherwise destroyed, and property of men professing Union sentiments has shared the same fate.—At Cave City, thirty-one miles north of Bowling Green, a splendid hotel, and many other buildings, were burned by order of Buckner.

I saw it stated in some paper that Buckner, while on his way to Fort Warren, in conversation with some persons, remarked that Floyd was a coward and a poltroon. Let not the loyal American people be led astray by the oily words of this polished vandal. Notwithstanding the supreme contempt universally entertained for the thief Floyd, in the North, do not place him in the position occupied by Buckner. I will now enumerate some of the crimes committed by him. He has been instrumental in driving from their homes, along the route of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, loyal and disloyal men, their wives and children; burning all the railroad depots and bridges; destroying public buildings and private residences indiscriminately; occupying school houses and churches for barracks; stealing everything in the way of clothing, subsistence, fuel and money; tearing up the track, and otherwise injuring one of the most costly railways in the United States. And yet this man, who has so thoroughly devastated a substantial portion of the State of Kentucky, has the audacity to appear in a Christian community, and denounce his fellow-villain as a coward. Buckner, you are a bad man, and can never be forgiven by the American people, or that portion of the American people who love their country and their God.

The bridges and the critical places along the railroad are guarded, day and night, by United States regulars. Some eight or ten encampments are to be seen between Louisville and Bowling Green. There must be at least two hundred laborers upon the road, and it is now almost wholly completed between Louisville and Bowling Green. The only danger to be apprehended is in crossing the temporary bridge over the Rolling Fork river.

We arrived at Bowling Green at precisely half-past five o'clock, having been ten and a half hours traveling 113 miles. It takes two days to go to Nashville from Louisville, as the railroad bridge at Bowling Green is destroyed, and there are but two engines upon the Nashville portion of the road.

In company with four officers, I hastened to the "business portion" of Bowling Green to make arrangements for the night. The only two or three public places in the town were jammed, and my associates and myself were about giving up in despair, when we were directed to the private boarding house of a Mrs. Hess, who informed us that her beds were all engaged, but kindly permitted us to occupy her parlor, if we were willing to sleep upon the floor. We accepted her offer, and, before retiring, partook of a hearty repast.

Bowling Green! I might, with unquestionable propriety, designate it the city of the dead. From the moment you arrive in the place, go where you will, hundreds of graves attract your attention; and to use the language of one of the gentlemen at the house of Mr. Hess, had the distillers in the neighborhood, in the manufacturing of whisky, used a little more of their favorite ingredient, strychnine, the number of graves would have been almost incalculable.

After leaving the cars we were compelled to cross the Barron river by a pontoon bridge. The railroad bridge was blown up, and the turnpike bridge burned, by General Hardee, acting under orders from General A. S. Johnston.

On the outskirts of the town are many houses, stores, and other buildings, without a sign of a fence, railing, or door-steps, and in many cases the weather-boards of the houses have been torn off. In Main street the sight is sickening indeed. Whole squares are represented by brick walls and chimneys. In Nashville street the conflagration must have been fearful. All that remains in one square is a brick wall about the size of a common door, with a piece of tin hanging to it, with the words—"Printing office up stairs." I glanced up, but couldn't see it. The destruction of the depot was an immense loss. The telegraph office, four hotels, and many other valuable structures, were consigned to the incendiaries. On the square stands a large house, like an oasis on the desert, everything around it having been entirely consumed. This destruction, wanton as it is, was declared by Johnson to be a military necessity. Subsequently Gen. Hardee issued a proclamation, in which he denounced the house-burners, and threatened to hang, without trial, all who should fire, or attempt to fire, a public or private building.

There must have been a large number of Confederate soldiers here, as there are proofs that as many as thirty regiments were encamped in the immediate vicinity, and on the beautiful hills for miles around. Every tent must have been supplied with a chimney, as they are all standing, looking like so many little ovens. Invariably there is connected with all the encampments a graveyard. I am informed by good authority that twenty-one men died out of a single regiment in six days.

I cannot comprehend why this place was evacuated by the rebels. There are seven tremendous fortifications situated upon the hills, all of which command the Louisville and Nashville railroad. The most formidable are Fort Beauregard, Fort Buckner, Fort Maguire, and a monstrous fort upon the hill about half a mile above the town. They all command the surrounding country. The latter fort was the one I visited this evening, and I cannot refrain from saying that I was almost struck dumb with amazement. The fortification was built under the supervision of Engineer Sanderson.—It is for the most part situated upon a lime-stone ledge, and outside the regular walls are two, three and four entrenchments, breastworks, and rifle pits. Part of the fort is made of substantial earthworks, and part of cross timbers, inlaid with dirt and stone.—It could have only been taken by shelling out the enemy. It would have been as difficult to have scaled the walls as it would be to ascend the Hudson river highlands. The outside breastworks, rifle pits, and fortifications proper, cover an area of nearly eighty acres.

The reason assigned by the people here for the hasty evacuation is, that they were sadly in need of heavy artillery, and that the capture of Fort Donelson by our forces outflanked them.

I have not seen a smiling countenance in Bowling Green. The very earth looks gloomy. The stores and dwellings are nearly all closed, and a terrific and foreboding quiet prevails.

S.

WAR NEWS.

FROM BURNSIDE'S COLUMN.

ANOTHER BRILLIANT VICTORY.

Newbern, N. C., Captured, with a Large Quantity of Artillery.

A HARD FOUGHT BATTLE.

Union Loss, Ninety Killed and Four Hundred Wounded.—Three Hundred Rebel Prisoners Taken.—Rebel Batteries Taken One After the Other.—Bloody Hand to Hand Contests.—Brilliant Bayonet Charge of the Entire Union Forces.—The Enemy Retire like Frightened Sheep.—Three Light Batteries, Forty-six Heavy Siege Guns, 3000 Small Arms, Among the Trophies.—The Rebels Attempt to Fire the Town.—They Retreat by the Cars, Burning Railroad Bridges after them.—List of Some of the Killed.

BALTIMORE, March 18.—The steamer Commodore arrived this morning direct from the Burnside expedition, and reports the capture of Newbern, N. C., and the defeat of the enemy there, and the capture of a large number of artillery. It was a hard fought battle. Our loss at Newbern was about ninety killed and four hundred wounded. Our men displayed great bravery.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

An officer bearing despatches from Gen. Burnside landed here on the arrival of the steamer Commodore, and proceeded immediately to Washington.

It is reported that 300 rebel prisoners were captured. Some of the reports make our loss from 50 to 60 killed, and 250 to 300 wounded. The fight took place on Friday last. There are rumors here that one of our Brigadier Generals was killed, but is not thought to be reliable.

LATER.

BALTIMORE, March 18.—Serg't Maj. D. H. Johnson, of the 23d Massachusetts regiment, came a passenger by the steamer Commodore, in charge of the bodies of Lieut. Col. Merritt, of the 23d Massachusetts regiment and Adjt. Stearns of the 21st Massachusetts regiment, who bravely fell while leading on their regiments, in an attack on the enemy's batteries at Newbern.

From Major Johnson, who was in the fight, we gather the following interesting particulars of the battle.

Our troops, under General Burnside, landed on Thursday evening near the mouth of Swan Creek, on the west side of the Neuse river, fifteen miles below Newbern. Owing to the dense fogs, the naval vessels did not participate in the fight. Early on Friday morning the fight commenced. Our troops advanced along the country road running parallel with the Neuse river, but a mile or two in the rear. The road was skirted on the west side by a railroad and a dense swamp. All along the river side were a series of batteries, which were taken by our troops, one after another, after some bloody hand to hand contests.

Our troops were divided into three brigades, under the command of Gen's. Renno, Foster and Parks.

We advanced gradually, the enemy deserting their guns, until we reached a line of earth works extending across the road from the river to a swamp on the west, a distance of some two miles. These earthworks were very strong. They were located about two miles south of Newbern, and between there and the city ran the Trent river. The country road and the railroad passed through these works, and crossed into the city by bridges. In front of these works the rebels had felled a large number of trees, forming an almost impenetrable abattis. Here the flying rebels were rallied and made for a while a desperate stand. Our brave fellows fought until all their ammunition was spent, when an order to charge bayonets was given, and the works were finally taken at the point of the bayonet.

The enemy fled like frightened sheep, leaving everything behind them. In their retreat they burned the bridges communicating with the town, over both the county road and the railroad. As they had trains of cars in their rear, just across the bridges, they were of course able to carry off their wounded and dead.

[ANOTHER ACCOUNT.]

The *Inquirer's* special says the enemy's works six miles below Newbern, were attacked on Friday morning last. They were defended by a force about ten thousand strong, and having twenty-one guns posted behind formidable batteries over two miles long. The fight was then most desperate of the war. Our troops behaved with the steadiness and courage of veterans, and after nearly four hours hard fighting drove the rebels out of all their positions, captured three light batteries of field artillery, forty-six heavy siege guns, large stores of fixed ammunition, three thousand small arms and two hundred prisoners, including one Colonel, three Captains and four Lieutenants. The enemy left a large number of dead on the field.

They escaped by cars to Goldsborough, burning bridges over the Trent and Clamont, and firing the city of Newbern. No extensive damage was done to the place. We lost about one hundred killed and four hundred wounded, mostly belonging to New England regiments. Rev. O. N. Benton, killed; Major Legendre of the Fifty-first New York, mortally wounded; Lieut. Col. Merritt, of the Twenty-third Massachusetts, and Adjutant F. A. Stearns, of the Twenty-first Massachusetts, of Amherst, were also killed, and their bodies are on their way home.

The loss of the enemy is not certainly known, but must have been pretty severe. Before our troops reached this last work they encountered another, which was deserted before they came up. It was in front of this last fortification that the greatest loss was sustained.

Our entire loss is estimated by Maj. Johnson at 90 killed and 400 wounded and missing. The force of the rebels is supposed to have been about 8,000.

We captured a number of prisoners, including Col. Avory, who cursed his soldiers as cowards. Just as the battle terminated, the fog lifted and enabled our gunboats, which had been impatiently waiting for an opportunity to participate in the fight, to come up the river, and our troops were furnished with means of transportation across the Trent river to Newbern. The rebels attempted to fire the town on their retreat but were prevented by the citizens, who extinguished the flames as fast as they were started by the soldiers.

None of our generals, nor any of the staff officers, were either killed or wounded.

We captured from thirty to fifty cannon. The officers of the rebels left their private traps.

THE MISSISSIPPI FLEET.

The Operations at Island No. 10.

[Official despatch to the Secretary of the Navy, dated Cairo, March 18.]

News was received at nine o'clock this morning from the flag ship Benton, dated near Island No. 10, March 17th, as follows:

"We had hard work this afternoon with the upper battery of all, at this point. Four shots only struck us out of the five forts of the enemy

"One shot after striking the upper deck twice and the lower deck once, breaking some half a dozen beams, finally lodged in the flag officers desk, depositing itself in the drawer as quietly as possible.

"We have battered the forts all to pieces, dismounting one gun, but night came upon us, and we had to leave without finishing the work, but tomorrow we will go at him again.

"A rifled gun burst on board the St. Louis and killed two men outright, mortally wounded two, and slightly wounded ten others. These are the only casualties.

"The mortars are doing well.

(Signed) "A. M. PENNOCK,
Senior Officer.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

March 19, 1862.

Fancy and Extra Family Flour	$5.50@6.00
Common and Superfine	$5.12½@5.75
Rye Flour	$4.25
Corn Meal	$2.75
Extra White Wheat	$1.38@1.50
Fair and Prime Red	$1.32@1.34
Rye	74c
Corn, prime Yellow	54
Oats	33
Clover seed, ? 64 lbs	$4.50@4.75
Timothy	$2.50@3.00

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Extra Family Flour ? bbl	$6.25
Extra do ? cwt	5.00
White Wheat	1.15
Red Wheat	1.05
Rye	.50
Corn	.45
Oats	.32
Clover seed	4.00
Flax seed	1.00
Dried Apples	1.25
Butter	.15
Eggs	.10
Lard	.10
Ham	.12
Shoulder	.10
Sides	.10
Tallow	.9

A FARM FOR SALE.

The subscribers will sell at private sale the farm now occupied by Samuel Sankey, in Henderson township, about four miles from Huntingdon. The farm contains about 210 Acres—about the one half cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a good frame two-story house, log barn and other outbuildings. There are four good springs of water on the place.

The terms will be easy.

SAMUEL SANKEY.
WILLIAM SANKEY.

March 18, 1862-tf.

COURT AFFAIRS.

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed, dated at Huntingdon, the 24th day of January, A. D. 1862, under the hands and seals of the Hon George Taylor, President of the Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and general jail delivery of the 20th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria counties; and the Hons. Benjamin F. Patton and William B. Leas his associates, Judges of the county of Huntingdon, justices assigned, appointed to hear, try and determine all and every indictments made or taken for or concerning all crimes which by the laws of the State are made capital, or felonies of death, and other offences, crimes and misdemeanors, which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, for crimes aforesaid—I am commanded to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions, will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the second Monday (and 14th day) of April next, and those who will prosecute the said prisoners, be then and there to prosecute them as it shall be just, and that all Justices of the Peace, Coroner and Constables within said county, be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which to their offices respectively appertain.

Dated at Huntingdon, the 18th of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and the 86th year of American Independence.

JOHN C. WATSON, *Sheriff.*

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed by the Judges of the Common Pleas of the county of Huntingdon, bearing test the 24th day of January, 1862, I am commanded to make Public Proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Common Pleas will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the 3rd Monday (and 21st day) of April, A. D., 1862, for the trial of all issues in said Court which remain undetermined before the said Judges, when and where all jurors, witnesses, and suitors, in the bills of all issues are required.

Dated at Huntingdon the 18th of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and the 86th year of American Independence.

JOHN C. WATSON, *Sheriff.*

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Exp. and Fi. Fa to me directed, I will expose to public sale or outcry, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, ON MONDAY THE 14TH DAY OF APRIL, 1862, at two o'clock, P. M., the following described property to wit:

One lot of ground situate in the borough of Huntingdon fronting on Washington street 60 feet, and extending back 240 feet to Mifflin street, adjoining lot occupied by George Gwin on the east, and lot of George Black's heirs on the west, having thereon erected one two story house. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Levi Westbrook.

ALSO—Four acres of ground in Jackson township, about one mile from McVey's Fort, one dwelling house and other buildings thereon erected. Also, one frame grist mill, with two pair of burrs, plaster mill and sum saw chine, adjoining lands of Samuel Mitchell. Also one acre of land in said township, having thereon erected a log house and stable, adjoining lands of Paul Yocum, Thos. Watson, John Brooks, and the waters of Stone Creek.—Also, four acres of land in said township, meadow land, adjoining lands of Samuel Johnston and Wm. Hays and the water of Stone Creek. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Elias Musser and Wm. Musser.

ALSO—Defendant's right, title and interest in and to one half lot of ground situate in the borough of Huntingdon, Pa., fronting 50 feet on Church street, extending back 150 feet, and bounded on the east by land now or late belonging to the heirs of Paul Schoebel, and on the west by lot of James McCabe and on the north by other half of the same lot. Also, one half lot of ground situate in same borough, being the north end of the above described lot, fronting 50 feet on Moore street, and bounded on the east now or late the heirs of Paul Schoebel, and on the west by lot of Jac. McCabe, and on the south by the other half of the same lot. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of David Brotherline, with notice to James Saxton, his committee.

Notice to Purchasers.—Bidders at Sheriff's sales will take notice that immediately upon the property being knocked down fifty per cent. of all bids under $100, and twenty-five per cent. of all bids over that sum, must be paid to the Sheriff, or the property will be set up again and sold to other bidders who will comply with the above terms.

Sheriff's Sales will hereafter be made on Wednesday, of the first week of Court, and the Deeds acknowledged on the following Wednesday.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Huntingdon, Mar. 18, 1862. } JOHN C. WATSON, Sheriff.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, to all persons interested, that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's office, at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance, at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on Monday the 14th day of April next, (1862,) to wit:

1. The account of David Welch and James Cree, Executors of David Cree, late of Dublin township, dec'd.

2. The Administration account of Samuel S. Thompson, Administrator of William Thompson, dec'd.

3. The account of the Hon. James Gwin, Administrator de bonis non testamento annexo, of the estate of Robert Allison, dec'd.

4. The account of Samuel Bowman and George M. Smeltzer, Executors of the last Will and Testament of George Bowman, late of Shirley township, dec'd.

5. The account of Wm. W. French and Wm. M. McClain, Administrators of Azariah McClain, late of Tod township, dec'd.

6. The account of John H. Reed, Administrator of James Reed the younger, late of West town-ship, dec'd.

7. The account of Philip Garner and John Beaver, Administrators of John Morningstar, late of Hopewell township, dec'd.

8. The account of John Booher and Samuel Booher, Administrators of Samuel Booher, late of Cromwell tp., dec'd. Partial account.

9. The supplemental and final account of John Booher, sole Administrator of Samuel Booher, late of Cromwell township, dec'd, after the discharge of his coadministrator, Samuel Booher.

10. The account of John Booher, Trustee appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to make sale of the Real Estate of Samuel Booher, late of Cromwell township, dec'd., under proceedings in partition.

11. The Administration account of Eva M. Beck, Administratrix of John Beck, late of Morris tp., dec'd.

12. The Guardianship account of Kenzie L. Green, Guardian of Lavina Lovell, a daughter of Amos Lovell, late of Cass township, dec'd, she being now dec'd, after intermarriage with George A. Heaton.

13. The Guardianship accounts of Kenzie L. Green, Guardian of Kenzie A., Albert G., and Henry C. Lovell, minor children of Amos Lovell, late of Cass township, dec'd, now in their majority.

14. Account of Wm. Moore, Administrator of George S. Cryder, late of Delaware county, in the State of Ohio,

DANIEL W. WOMELSDORF, Register.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Huntingdon, Mar. 18, 1862. }

PUBLIC SALE.—Will be sold at Public Sale, at the late residence of JOHN SMILEY, dec'd, in Brady township,

On Saturday, 22d day of March, inst.,

The following property, to wit: 2 head of work horses and harness, 2 cows, 5 head of young cattle, 7 shoats, 1 sow and 9 pigs, 1 wagon, plows and harrow, 1 sleigh and sleigh or buggy harness, 3 dz. 1 man's saddle, 1 buffalo robe, 1 log chain, fanning mill, 1 cutting box, and a variety of farming utensils too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. A reasonable credit will be given by

JAMES C. SMILEY.

March 11, 1862-2t.

NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the last will and testament of JOHN SCOTT, late of the borough of Huntingdon, dec'd, have been granted to me. All persons indebted to him are requested to make payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated.

JOHN SCOTT.
Executor.

Huntingdon, March 11, 1862-6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary upon the last will and testament of James Porter, late of West town-ship, Huntingdon county, deceased, have been granted to the subscribers. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated to us.

GEO. B. PORTER,
SAML PORTER,
Executors.

March 11, 1862?-6t.

J. H. C. CORBIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Office on Hill Street.
Huntingdon, Jan. 14, 1862-tf.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of Lev. Fi. Fa. to me directed, I will expose to public sale or outcry, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, on SATURDAY, the 22d day of March, 1862, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

The following described lot of ground situate in the borough of Alexandria, county and State aforesaid, bounded on the north by the Pennsylvania Canal, on the west by a twenty feet alley, on the south by an alley, on the east by Hastings street to the Canal aforesaid, thence by the said canal to the place of beginning, having thereon erected a Tannery containing twenty-four lay-away vats, two limes and four handlers under roof, the tannery being twenty-four by forty-five feet, and frame, two stories high, and bark house thereof sixty by twenty-four feet, with a water privilege forever.

Also, all those certain lots, or parts of lots of ground, situate in the borough of Alexandria aforesaid, bounded thus: Beginning at the east corner of lot No. 10 in the *town plot of said borough*, on the south side of Pennsylvania Canal in a plan of lots laid out and sold by Mary Ann McLain, and running thence along said Canal, one hundred and fifty feet to a cross street; thence south to an alley twenty feet wide; thence south east one hundred and fifty feet to an eleven feet alley; thence north east along said alley to the place of beginning. Together with all and singular, the buildings and improvements, ways, waters, water courses, rights, liberties, privileges, improvements, hereditaments and appurtenances whatsoever thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining, and the reversions and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Peter Kean.

JOHN C. WATSON, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Huntingdon, Mar. 4, 1862. }

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that the undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to distribute the balance remaining in the hands of James McCall and Abraham Stiffler, Executors of Daniel Buckwalter, dec'd., amongst those entitled to receive the same, will attend for the purpose aforesaid, on Thursday, the 27th day of March, A. D. 1862, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at his office in the borough of Huntingdon, when and where all persons having claims upon said fund should present them before the undersigned, or be thereafter barred from receiving any part thereof.

JOHN REED,
Auditor.

Feb. 27, 1862-tf.*

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that the undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to distribute the balance remaining in the hands of George Hearn and Elizabeth Hearn, Administrators of William Hearn, dec'd., amongst those entitled to receive the same, will attend for the purpose aforesaid, on Friday, the 28th day of March, A. D. 1862, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at his office in the borough of Huntingdon, when and where all persons having claims upon said fund must present them before the undersigned, or be thereafter barred from receiving any part thereof.

JOHN REED,
Auditor.

Feb. 27, 1862-tf.*

The Insurance Company of North America, at Philadelphia.

INCORPORATED 1794.

Capital and assets, $1,254,719 01.

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President.
CHARLES PLATT, Secretary.
OFFICE, NO. 232 WALNUT STREET.

THE undersigned, Agent for the above well known and reliable company, will make insurance against loss or damage by fire for periods from one month to perpetual, on property in town or country.

J. SIMPSON AFRICA.

Huntingdon, Feb. 21, 1862-3m.

KOLLOCK'S DANDELION COFFEE.—This preparation, made from the best Java Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia, and all bilious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN,

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and cakes. Price 15 cents.

MANUFACTURED BY
M. H. KOLLOCK, CHESNEY,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

Feb. 24, 1862-1y.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to distribute the fund in the hands of Thomas Stewart, Administrator of the estate of Henry White, sen. late of Barree township, deceased, will attend at his office, in Huntingdon, on THURSDAY, the 13th of MARCH next, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of making the said distribution, when and where all persons interested are required to present their claims, or be debarred from coming in for a share of the said fund.

THEO. H. GERRIH,
Auditor.

Feb. 20, 1862.-3t.

JOHN SCOTT. SAMUEL T. BROWN.

SCOTT & BROWN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office on Hill street, in the building formerly occupied as the "Journal" Printing Office.

Huntingdon, Jan. 14, 1862.

RECRUITS WANTED
FOR PENNSYLVANIA REGIMENTS
NOW IN THE FIELD.

The undersigned, in accordance with General Orders No. 105, Head-Quarters of the Army, and under the direction of Captain R. I. Dodge, General Superintendent of Recruiting Service for the State of Pennsylvania, have opened a Recruiting Office at the Post Office, in Coalmont, Huntingdon county, Pa.

They are authorized to enlist men for any Pennsylvania Regiment now in the field that is not already full.

Subsistence and pay to commence from date of enlistment.

Lieut. J. ADDISON MOORE,
Sergt. M. M. VANDEVANDER,
" E. McCABE,
Musician GEO. W. GIBBS.
78th Regiment, P. V.
On Recruiting Service.

By command of Major General McClellan.

Coalmont, Feb. 11, 1862.

RECRUITS WANTED
FOR PENNSYLVAN

board. He had previously allowed five rebel steamers to pass on towards New Madrid, and they are now between his batteries, unable to escape.

Over a dozen vessels, together with the floating battery and battering ram, are now above Gen. Pope's batteries, and will be either sunk or captured.

Mr. Beadle, one of the oldest citizens of Memphis, arrived last night. He reports that but three rebel regiments are now between New Madrid and Memphis, and these are stationed at Fort Pillow.

The rebel Government are manufacturing pikes at Memphis for the new recruits; but less than 100 men have responded to the last call of the Governor.

The railroads terminating at Memphis are being connected, so that all the rolling stock can be sent down the New Orleans road, when necessary.

CHICAGO, March 21.—A special despatch from Cairo to the *Journal* says that a moderate fire was kept up by the fleet at Island No. 10 during the day, Wednesday and yesterday. The gunboat Minnesota dismounted a 128-pound gun, placed on the enemy's upper battery.

Some of the rebel gunboats tried to force their way up yesterday morning, but had to retire.

General Pope has twenty-two guns mounted at Mount Pleasant, and has erected a new battery four miles below.

As yet but one man has been killed by the enemy.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

Beaufort, N. C., Evacuated by the Rebels.—Fort Macon, N. C., Blown up.—The Pirate Steamer Nashville Burned.

FORTRESS MONROE, March 23.—The steamer Chancellor Livingston, arrived from Hatteras last night.

Immediately after the occupation of Newbern, North Carolina, Gen. Burnside started an expedition to Beaufort, but the place was evacuated before our troops appreached. Fort Macon was blown up by the rebels and the steamer Nashville burned.

On the day that General Burnside occupied Newbern, sixteen thousand rebel troops were on the road between Goldsboro and Newbern.

The steamer Sawanee sailed for Hatteras yesterday with mailsand passengers.

The steamer Illinois returned to New York this morning.

The steamer Vanderbilt arrived to-day.

The new gunboat Choctura arrived from Boston last night.

LATER.

Confirmation of the Destruction of Fort Macon and the Pirate Nashville.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Col. Segar, the representative elect from the Accomac District of Virginia, arrived in this city this morning. He confirms the intelligence from Fortress Monroe of the destruction of the privateer Nashville and Fort Macon by the rebels.

The D'Epinuel Zouaves, about 400 in number, were paid off to-day. The greater portion of them will return home.

GLORIOUS NEWS FROM WINCHESTER.

A Battle on Sunday.—The Rebels Totally Routed.—One Hundred Rebels Killed.—Heavy Union Loss.—Two Cannon Taken.—The Flying Rebels Pursued.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 23.—Telegraphic despatches, received from Winchester, dated last night, at half-past 10 o'clock, say: A slight skirmish occurred this afternoon, about a mile and a half from Winchester, on the Strasburg road, between a portion of Gen. Shield's troops, and the rebel cavalry, with four pieces of artillery.

The enemy retreated with a loss, as soon as our guns opened fire. One man was killed on our side, and Gen. Shield's suffered a slight injury on the left arm, from a fragment of a shell which burst near him.

A prisoner brought in to-night, says the enemy were under the impression that our troops had left Winchester, and that Jackson's rebel forces were on the road from Strasburg under the same impression.

LATER FROM WINCHESTER.

WINCHESTER, March 23—8 o'clock, P. M.—I have just come in from the very front of the battle, three miles out. A complete victory has been achieved over Jackson. We have taken two guns and caissons, and killed at least one hundred, and wounded twice as many. Our loss is heavy, but not more than one hundred and fifty killed and wounded. Our men did bravely, and have taken a great many muskets. The rebels are in full retreat.

STILL LATER.

WINCHESTER, March 23—10 o'clock P. M.—We have this day achieved a glorious victory over the combined forces of the rebel Generals Jackson, Smith and Longstreet. The battle was fought within four miles of this place. It raged from half-past 10 o'clock this morning until dark. The enemy's strength was about 15,000, and the strength of our division was not over 8,000. Our loss in killed and wounded is not definitely ascertained, but it *is heavy. The enemy's loss is double* that of ours.

We have captured a large number of prisoners, some of their guns, and the ground is strewn with the arms they have thrown away in their flight.

The cavalry are still in pursuit of the retreating enemy. The particulars cannot be ascertained until daylight.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—A regular meeting of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society will be held in the Court House, in Huntingdon, on Tuesday evening of the first week of the coming April Court, (15th.)

The following subjects will be presented for discussion, together with other business connected with the Association:

1. A Report from the Committee, on the best method of improving the breed of sheep.
2. "Can grape growing and wine making be made profitable in Huntingdon county?"
3. "What variety of Wheat is best adapted to the soil and climate of Huntingdon county?"

An Agricultural Address will be delivered before the Association by John Dougherty, Esq., of Mount Union.

A Report from the Committee, appointed at the last meeting, on the relations of Farmers and Mechanics.

The propriety of holding an Agricultural Exhibition during the present year, will also be discussed.

By order and in behalf of the Society.

ROBT. McDIVITT, J. SIMPSON AFRICA, } Secretaries.

Huntingdon, March 25, 1862.

WRAPPING PAPER! A good article for sale at LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

MARRIED,

On the 19th inst., in Coalmont, by Rev. Amos Smith, Mr. CHARLES T. BRADLEY, of Coalmont, to Miss SADIE OVER, of *Bedford county.*

On the 18th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, near Alexandria, by Rev. D. A. Isenberg, Mr. ALBERT B. ECOUT, of Williamsburg, to Miss MOLLIE A. ISENBERG.

DIED,

On Thursday, 13th of March, 1862, JAMES THEODORE, eldest son of Michael and Clara B. Starr, of Shade Valley, Huntingdon County, Pa, aged five years, seven months and twenty days. May he rest in peace.

His voice was as sweet as the violet's breath,
But his tones are now hushed in the silence of death,
His eyes were as bright as a gem from the wave,
But their luster is lost in the gloom of the grave;
His cheeks were as fresh as the young roses bloom,
But now *look* they lay 'neath the veil of the tomb;
His heart was as pure as a fountain at rest,
But its life stream is froze in a cold quiet breast.
Like the young tree of the forest laid low by the blast,
All his loveliness lost, he reposes in dust;
His school-mates are mourning his premature fate,
For his place among them is left desolate!
By the book with the leaf he had nicely down turned,
When he marked the last task he has left here unlearned;
We miss his sweet voice 'mid the glad tones of mirth,
We miss his bright smiles by the light of the hearth,
We sigh for the friend who can greet us no more,
And weep for that lost one whose sorrows are o'er.
But none to a father his love can impart,
Or supply his lone place in a fond mother's heart.

N. S.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

March 24, 1862.

Fancy and Extra Family Flour	$5.62½@6.00
Common and Superfine	$5 00@5.25
Rye Flour	$4.25
Corn Meal	$4.75
Extra White Wheat	$1 40@1.50
Fair and Prime Red	$1.30@1.31
Rye	70
Corn, prime Yellow	54
Oats	30
Cloverseed, ₰ 64 lbs	$5.00@5.37½
Timothy	$2.12½@2.37½

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Extra Family Flour ₰ bbl	$6.25
Extra do do	6.00
White Wheat	1.15
Red Wheat	1.05
Rye	50
Corn	40
Oats	25
Cloverseed	4.00
Flaxseed	1.25
Dried Apples	1.25
Butter	10
Eggs	10
Lard	10
Ham	12
Shoulder	10
Sides	10
Tallow	9

J. E. GREEN, DENTIST. Office on Railroad street, opposite the Jackson Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa. March 25, 1862.

FOR RENT.—A comfortable Dwelling House on Railroad street, nearly opposite the Exchange Hotel. Is for Rent. Those wanting the same, will apply at the office, or to WM. STEWART, living on the premises. Huntingdon, March 25, 1862.

MILLINERY, STRAW GOODS, &C. We have the pleasure of informing you that we are now prepared to offer, at our old Stand, NOS. 103, 105 & 107 NORTH SECOND ST. ABOVE ARCH, PHILA.,

A well selected Stock of MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS. In every variety, of the LATEST IMPORTATIONS, and of the newest and most fashionable styles.

OUR STRAW DEPARTMENT Will comprise every variety of Bonnets, Hats and Trimmings to be found in that line, of the latest and most approved shapes and styles. Soliciting an early call, I remain Yours, Respectfully, H. WARD.

March 25, 1862.—4t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. *[Estate of Jacob G. Ketterman, dec'd.]* Letters of Administration upon the estate of JACOB G. KETTERMAN, late of Clay township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims upon the estate are requested to present them to the undersigned, and all persons knowing themselves indebted will make immediate payment. JOHN McNEAL, Administrator.

March 25, 1862.*

THE FIRST SPRING GOODS, JUST OPENED AT A. B. CUNNINGHAM'S. A LARGE STOCK AND FULL ASSORTMENT, AT PRICES TO PLEASE EVERYBODY. CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES. SILVER AND GOLD, AND ALL PAPER ON GOOD BANKS & INDIVIDUALS, Taken at Par in Exchange for Goods. The highest prices paid in Goods for all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE. FOR BARGAINS, CALL AT A. B CUNNINGHAM'S STORE. Huntingdon, March 25, 1862.

KNOX FRUIT FARM AND NURSERIES. J. KNOX, BOX 155, PITTSBURGH, PA.

SELECT LISTS OF STRAWBERRIES.

For $5 we will furnish 100 plants each of the following kinds: Triomphe de Gand, Trollope's Victoria, Burr's New Pine, Jenny Lind and Wilsons Albany.

For $10 we will furnish 100 plants each of the following choice kinds: Triomphe de Gand, Trollope's Victoria, Vicomtesse Hericart de Thury, Filtoore, Downer's Prolific, Burr's New Pine, Jenny Lind, Cutter's Seedling, McAvoy's Superior and Wilson's Albany.

TRIOMPHE DE GAND.

For description of this superb and unrivalled Strawberry, see our circular. We will furnish this variety and the Wilson's Albany, the two leading kinds, at the following *rates:*

TRIOMPHE DE GAND.

50 cents per dozen; $2 per 100; 5,000 for $45; 10,000 for $75; 20,000 for $100. For the $100 lot, five per cent. will be charged for boxes and packing.

WILSON'S ALBANY.

25 cents per dozen; $1 per 100; 3,000 for $10. Larger quantities at same rate.

For $100 we will furnish 10,000 Triomphe de Gand and 10,000 Wilson's Albany. Five per cent. will also be charged for this lot, for boxes and packing.

PLANTS BY MAIL.

We will send to any post office address in the country, post-paid, and carefully put up so as to carry safely, one hundred good plants of any variety found in our catalogue at the prices there annexed. For instance, 100 Wilson's Albany for $1; 100 Triolope's Victoria $1,50; 100 Triomphe de Gand $2, &c.

☞ No orders filled for plants by mail for less than one dollar's worth, of any one kind, and when less than 100 are ordered, *it must be at the dozen price.*

RASPBERRIES.

Brinckles Orange and Fastolffs, $1 per dozen, $5 per 100, $20 per 1000. *Fastolff, Hiver's Large Fruited Monthly,* Knevitt's Giant, Hudson River Antwerp, Red Antwerp, Yellow Antwerp, Allen's Hardy, 75 cents per dozen, $3 per 100, $25 per 1000. Improved American Black Cap, 50 cents per dozen, $3 per 100, $25 per 1000.

SELECT LISTS OF RASPBERRIES.

For $10 we will furnish 100 Brinckles Orange, the finest flavored Raspberry, as well as one of the largest, most beautiful, and productive; 100 *Franconia,* a large red berry, of good flavor, attractive and enormously productive; 100 Improved American Black Cap, much larger, more juicy, better flavored, with fewer seed, and every way superior to the common Black Cap. The plant is entirely hardy and very productive, and the fruit is much sought after in the market.

The above kinds include the three colors, red, orange and black, and furnish a pleasant variety in flavor. We regard them as the best for amateurs, and the most profitable for market culture.

BLACKBERRIES.

New Rochelle, $1 per dozen, $5 per 100, $25 per 1 000, $100 per 5,000; Dorchester, 75 cents per dozen, $4 per 100, $25 per 1,000; Newman's Thornless, 50 cents per dozen, $3 per 100, $20 per 1,000. We will send 100 each of the above three kinds for $10. Each package of Strawberry and Blackberry plants will contain printed instructions for cultivation.

For prices of Grapes, Currants, Gooseberries, Rhubarb, Asparagus, &c., see our circular, which will be sent to all applicants enclosing stamps.

We have opened at No. 29 Fifth St., a SEED STORE AND HORTICULTURAL DEPOT, Where all articles belonging to such an establishment can be had, of the best quality. [mar. 25, 1862.]

COURT AFFAIRS.

TRIAL LIST—APRIL TERM, 1862.

FIRST WEEK.

Andrew Heglo	vs	Henry Robison, *et al.*
Beldeman & Hayward	vs	J. Brewster's Ex'rs.
William Crotsley	vs	M. J. Martin, et al.
Thomas Weston, Jr.	vs	Thomas Weston.

SECOND WEEK.

Jacob Cresswell	vs	C. Broadstone, et al.
Ann Cannon, &c.	vs	Isaac Grove.
Brice X. Blair, et al.	vs	Wm. H. Woods, et al.
Henry Orbedy	vs	Daniel Houtz.
Margaret Hamilton, &c.	vs	James Entrekin, et al.
Coyle & Green	vs	Mary Brenstef.
W. W. & D. Entrekin	vs	Michael Stone.

GRAND JURORS.

Thomas Ashton, farmer, Springfield.
Samuel Bowman, farmer, Shirley.
Darby Chilcote, miller, Hopewell.
William Cunningham, cabinet-maker, Clay.
John Gregory, farmer, West.
Samuel L. Glasgow, farmer, Clay.
Peter Grazier, carpenter, Warriormark.
John Gayton, farmer, Union.
George W. Horton, farmer, Carbon.
Asahel Hight, laborer, Huntingdon.
James Hutchison, farmer, Henderson.
Enoch Isenberg of E., farmer, Porter.
David Long, farmer, Shirley.
Charles W. Moore, M. D., Carbon.
Robert Morrow, farmer, Dublin.
Daniel Peightal, farmer, Penn.
Daniel Shultz, farmer, Morris.
John Silverthorn, farmer, Tell.
Samuel Thompson, farmer, Oneida.
William Thompson, farmer, Clay.
Eli Wakefield, farmer, Brady.
Alexander Work, farmer, Porter.
Enoch Walls, farmer, Porter.
Jesse Yocum, J. P., Brady.

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Paul Ammermann, agent, Carbon.
Thomas Anderson, farmer, Tod.
Charles C. Ash, farmer, Barree.
J. Q. Adams, ironmaster, Franklin.
William Africa, shoemaker, Huntingdon.
Thomas Bell, carpenter, Barree.
William Bricker, farmer, Oneida.
Brice X. Blair, merchant, Dublin.
J. M. Cunningham, carpenter, Huntingdon.
Nathan Corbin, carpenter, Huntingdon.
Samuel Doran, carpenter, Dublin.
Henry Davis, farmer, West.
John Davis, farmer, Morris.
Alexander Ewing, farmer, Franklin.
John Eyer, farmer, Warriormark.
Oliver Etnier, farmer, Shirley.
Isaac Enyeart, farmer, Cromwell.
John Greene, farmer, Walker.
Matthew Gill, waggonmaker, Brady.
Edward A. Green, gentleman, Brady.
Joseph Gibboney, farmer, Barree.
Henry Glazier, gentleman, Huntingdon.
Kenzie L. Green, farmer, Clay.
George S. Hudson, farmer, Clay.
Solomon Hamer, farmer, West.
William Houck, farmer, Tod.
Thomas R. Hyskill, farmer, Warriormark.
Richard Hall, farmer, Shirley.
William Hamer, farmer, Porter.
William Johns, farmer, Clay.
William Lincoln, gentleman, Walker.
George McCrol, farmer, Oneida.
H. B. Metinger, gentleman, Morris.
B. E. McMurrie, farmer, Huntingdon.
Charles R. McCarthy, farmer, Clay.
David B. Mong, farmer, Warriormark.
David A. Myers, farmer, Shirleysburg.
William McCartney, farmer, Jackson.
Reuben Oaks, farmer, Barree.
John Rung, gentleman, West.
Thomas Ramsey, farmer, Springfield.
Moses Robison, carpenter, Barree.
Joseph M. Stevens, clerk, West.
Andrew Smith, farmer, Union.
George Slack, carpenter, Barree.
William Yocum, farmer, Juniata.
Adam Zeigler, farmer, Penn.
Thomas Hamer, farmer, Walker.

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Samuel Allison, farmer, Henderson.
John Barr, farmer, Jackson.
Abraham Brumbaugh, farmer, Hopewell.
Ralph Crotsley, farmer, Cass.
Thomas Cannon, tinner, Huntingdon.
Levi Doll, carpenter, Union.
William Decker, farmer, Barree.
William Davis, carpenter, Penn.
Peter Etnier, gentleman, Shirleysburg.
Jacob Felmlee, farmer, Tell.
David Gates, farmer, Franklin.
Benjamin Grafius, carpenter, Huntingdon.
George M. Green, farmer, Cass.
Samuel Grove, farmer, Hopewell.
Daniel Harris, farmer, Penn.
W. A. Hudson, cabinet-maker, Dublin.
Joseph Harnish, farmer, Porter.
Jacob Hornsmne, farmer, Porter.
David F. Jeffries, farmer, Tell.
Daniel Kyper, farmer, Walker.
John M. Leech, mill wright, Franklin.
James Lynn, farmer, Springfield.
Thomas Miller, farmer, Barree.
Thomas Montegne, carpenter, Dublin.
William McGarvey, farmer, Shirley.
Evan Nearhoof, farmer, Warriormark.
William Peightal, cooper, Huntingdon.
Henry Peightal, farmer, Walker.
Wm. Riddles, innkeeper, Huntingdon.
Henry Robison, farmer, Dublin.
Benjamin Rhodes, farmer, Shirley.
J. Duncan Rankin, manufacturer, Franklin.
Peter C. Swoope, gentleman, Huntingdon.
McDonald Stewart, carpenter, Jackson.
John Smelker, Jr., farmer, Shirleysburg.
Jacob Walters, farmer, Morris.

March 25, 1862.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed their petitions with the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, praying the said Court to grant them license to keep inns or taverns in their respective boroughs, townships and villages in the county of Huntingdon, and that said petitions will be presented to the said Court on Wednesday, the 16th day of April next, for consideration, &c., when and where all persons interested can attend if they think proper, viz:

Valentine Crouse,	Huntingdon borough.
John S. Miller,	do.
William Riddle,	do.
George Thomas,	do.
Henry Liester,	do.
Abraham V. Westbrook,	do.
John Dean,	do.
Graffus Miller,	do.
Adam Holliday,	Shade Gap.
John Jamison,	do.
Henry McGowan,	Dublin township.
Joseph S. Reed,	Coalmont.
Joseph Morrison,	Broad Top City.
Thomas Cook,	do.
James Dunn,	Barnetstown.
James Gleason,	Barnet.
Martin Mack,	do.
Michael McCabe,	Blairsboro.
George E. Little,	Mc Avy's Fort.
Shadrack Steffey,	Stevensville.
John Shook,	McConnellstown.
Henry Strouse,	do.
Philip Crouse,	Mapleton.
John D. Boring,	Cassville borough.
James Chamberlain,	Warriormark.
Samuel G. Simpson,	Mill Creek.
John G. Stewart,	do.
Robert Gillin,	Orbisonia borough.
William Templeton,	do.
James Hemming,	Saulsbury.
Jacob Chamberlain,	Water Street.
William Johnston,	Marklesburg.
John R. Herd,	Petersburg borough.
Jacob Longenecker,	do.
Jesse R. March,	Shoenersville.
Elias Rankin,	Water Street.
Samuel M. Aultz,	Mount Union.
Mary Ann Boyle,	do.
R. F. Hasbert,	Spruce Creek.
Alexander S. Seeds,	Spruce Creek.
John Dorsey,	Dudley.
Joseph M. Porter,	Dudley.
Dennis Mattugh,	do.
Samuel Trostwine,	Fairfield or Wilsontown.
James Carmont,	Manor Hill.

By order of the Court. C. WAGONER, Clerk.

Huntingdon, March 25, 1862.—4t.

A FARM FOR SALE. The subscribers will sell at private sale the farm now occupied by Samuel Sankey, in Henderson township, about four miles from Huntingdon. The farm contains about 210 Acres—about the one half clear of and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a good frame two-story house, log barn and other outbuildings. There are four good springs of water on the place. The terms will be easy.

SAMUEL SANKEY, WILLIAM SANKEY.

March 18, 1862—4t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary upon the last will and testament of James Porter, late of West township, Huntingdon county, deceased, have been granted to the subscribers. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated to us.

GEO. B. PORTER, SAM'L PORTER, Executors.

March 11, 1862*-6t.

NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the last will and testament of John P. Anderson, late of the borough of Huntingdon, dec'd., have been granted to me. All persons indebted to him are requested to make payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated.

JOHN SCOTT, Executor

Huntingdon, March 11, 1862-6t

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed, dated at Huntingdon, the 25th day of January, A. D. 1862, under the hands and seals of the Hon. George Taylor, President of the Court of Common Pleas, Over and Terminer, and general Jail delivery of the 24th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria counties; and the Hons. Benjamin F. Patton and William R. Leslie his associates, Judges of the county of Huntingdon, Justices assigned, appointed to hear, try and determine all and every indictments made or taken for or convening all crimes, which by the laws of the State are made capital, or felonies of death, and other offences, crimes and misdemeanors, which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, for crimes aforesaid—I am commanded to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions, will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the second Monday (and 14th day) of April next, and those who will prosecute the said prisoners, be then and there to prosecute them as it shall be just, and that all Justices of the Peace, Coronor and Constables within said county, be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which to their offices respectively appertain.

Dated at Huntingdon, the 18th of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and the 86th year of American Independence.

JOHN C. WATSON, *Sheriff.*

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed by the Judges of the Common Pleas of the county of Huntingdon, bearing test the 25th day of January, 1862, I am commanded to make Public Proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Common Pleas will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the 2nd Monday (and 21st day) of April, A. D. 1862, for the trial of all issues in said Court which remain undetermined before the said Judges, when and where all jurors, witnesses and suitors, in the trials of all issues are required.

Dated at Huntingdon the 18th of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and the 86th year of American Independence.

JOHN C. WATSON, *Sheriff.*

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Fenl. Exp. and Fi. Fa. to me directed, I will expose to public sale or outcry, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, ON MONDAY THE 14TH DAY OF APRIL, 1862, at two o'clock, P. M., the following described property to wit:

One lot of ground situate in the borough of Huntingdon fronting on Washington street 50 feet, and extending back 200 feet to Mifflin street, adjoining lot occupied by George Owin *on the east,* and lot of George Stiteh's heirs on the west, having thereon erected one two story house. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Levi Westbrook.

ALSO—Four acres of ground in Jackson township, about one mile from McAley's Fort, one dwelling house and other buildings, thereon erected. Also, one frame grist mill, with two pair of burrs, plaster mill and smut machine, adjoining lands of Samuel Mitchell. Also, one acre of land in said township having thereon erected a log house and stable, adjoining lands of Sam'l Vocum, Thos. Watson, John Brooks, and the waters of Stone Creek.

Also, four acres of land in said township, meadow land, adjoining lands of Samuel Johnston and Wm. Hays and the water of Stone Creek. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold at the property of Elias Musser and Wm. Musser.

ALSO—Defendant's right, title and interest in and to one half lot of ground situate in the borough of Huntingdon, Pa., fronting 50 feet on Church street, extending back 100 feet, and bounded on the east by land now or late belonging to the heirs of Paul Schoobel, and on the west by lot of James McCabe, and on the north by other half of the same lot. Also, one half lot of ground situate in same borough, being the north end of the above described lot, *fronting 50 feet on Moore street, and* bounded on the east now or late the heirs of Paul Schoobel, and on the west by lot of Jas. McCabe, and on the south by the other half of the same lot. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of David Brotherline, with notice to James Saxton, his committee.

ALSO—Defendant's right, title and interest in and to all that part of a tract of land situate in Tod township, surveyed on a warrant granted to Joseph Highlands, dated January 23d 1795, commencing at or near the Chestnut corner, at or near which the part of the same tract conveyed to James Steel corners; thence south 41 degrees west — perches to a locust; thence south 50 degrees east 50 perches to a maple; thence south 41 degrees west 60 perches to a chestnut; thence south 81 degrees east along the Francis Mean survey, to the point where a part of the tract in the name of Joseph Highlands, conveyed to Benjamin Tennison corners; thence along the line dividing the parts of the said tract conveyed heretofore to Benj. Trueman, Jacob Masten, (now J. R. Flanigen,) and James Steel, Esq., form the remainder of said tract to the place of beginning, containing 100 acres, more or less.

Also—A certain lot or parcel of land situate in the township of Tod, being part of a tract of land surveyed in the name of Joseph Highland, adjoining land of Israel Baker, James Steel, Benjamin Trueman and others, beginning at a gum corner adjoining land of Israel Baker; thence south 75 degrees east 200 perches to a stone; thence north 35¼ degrees west 65 perches to a stone; thence north 75 degrees east 200 perches to a post; thence south 35¼ degrees east 65 perches to a gum, the place of beginning, containing 80 acres. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Joseph R. Flanigen.

Notice to Purchasers—Bidders at Sheriff's sales will take notice that immediately upon the property being knocked down, fifty per cent. of all bids under $100, and twenty-five per cent. of all bids over that sum, must be paid to the Sheriff, or the property will be set up again and sold to other bidders who will comply with the above terms.

Sheriff's Sales will hereafter be made on Wednesday, of the first week of Court, and the Deeds acknowledged on the following Wednesday.

JOHN C. WATSON, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Huntingdon, Mar. 18, 1862.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, to all persons interested, that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's Office, at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance, at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on Monday the 14th day of April next, (1862,) to wit:

1. The account of David Woods and James Cree, Executors of David Cree, late of Dublin township, dec'd.
2. The Administration account of Samuel S. Thompson, Administrator of William Thompson, dec'd.
3. The account of the Hon. James Gwin, Administrator de bonis non testamento annexo, of the estate of Robert Allison, dec'd.
4. The account of Samuel Bowman and George H. Smelker, Executors of the last Will and Testament of George Bowman, late of Shirley township, dec'd.
5. The account of Wm. W. French and Wm. M. McClain, Administrators of Azariah McClain, late of Tod township, dec'd.
6. The account of John H. Reed, Administrator of James Reed the younger, late of West township, dec'd.
7. The account of Philip Garner and John Beaver, Administrators of John Morningstar, late of Hopewell township, dec'd.
8. The account of John Booher and Samuel Booher, Administrators of Samuel Booher, late of Cromwell twp., dec'd. Partial account.
9. The supplemental and final account of John Booher, sole Administrator of Samuel Booher, late of Cromwell township, dec'd, after the discharge of his coadministrator, Samuel Booher.
10. The account of John Booher, Trustee appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to make sale of the Real Estate of Samuel Booher, late of Cromwell township, dec'd., under proceedings in partition.
11. The Administration account of Eva M. Beck, Administratrix of John Beck, late of Morris twp., dec'd.
12. The Guardianship account of Kenzie L. Green, Guardian of Lavina Lovell, a daughter of Amon Lovell, late of Cass township, dec'd, she being now dec'd, after intermarriage with George A. Heaton.
13. The Guardianship accounts of Kenzie L. Green, Guardian of Kenzie A., Albert G., and Henry C. Lovell, minor children of Amon Lovell, late of Cass township, dec'd, now in their majority.
14. Account of Wm. Moore, Administrator of George S. Cryder, late of Delaware county, in the State of Ohio.

DANIEL W. WOMELSDORF, Register.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Huntingdon, Mar. 18, 1862.

PUBLIC SALE.—Will be sold at Public Sale, at the late residence of JOHN SMILEY, dec'd, in Brady township,

On Saturday, 22d day of March, inst., The following property, to wit: 2 head of work horses and harness, 2 cows, 5 head of young cattle 7 shoats, 1 sow and 9 pigs, 1 wagon, plows and harrow, 1 sleigh and sleigh or buggy harness, 4-ox, 1 man's saddle, 1 buffalo robe, 1 log chain, hunting mill, 1 cutting box, and a variety of farming utensils too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. A reasonable credit will be given by JAMES C. SMILEY.

March 11, 1862—2t.

UNION VARIETY CASES. COLEMAN & CO.'S Variety Envelopes are superceded by their new and beautiful UNION VARIETY CASES, much superior and much to be preferred. *They are certainly cheap and very desirable.* We wish our friends to call at LEWIS' Book and Stationery Store, and see them—to see is to buy.

COLEMAN & CO.

Philadelphia, Feb. 11, 1862.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD. TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

WESTWARD. MAIL.	WESTWARD. FAST LINE.	WESTWARD. ACCOM'D'N.	STATIONS.	EASTWARD. ACCOM'D'N.	EASTWARD. EXPRESS.	EASTWARD. MAIL.
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
12 54	7 01	5.30	Newton Hamilton,	.....	.....	2 03
1 00	7 08	5.40	Mt. Union,	11 50	.....	2 09
1 17	7 21	.....	Mill Creek,	.....	.....	1 46
1 34	7 36	6 01	Huntingdon,	11 23	9 10	1 34
1 51	7 48	7 05	Petersburg,	11 08	9 02	1 10
2 00	.....	.....	Barree,	.....	.....	1 03
2 07	8 03	7 20	Spruce Creek,	10 55	.....	1 01
2 23	.....	.....	Birmingham,	.....	.....	12 40
2 34	8 23	7 43	Tyrone,	10 30	8 20	12 38
2 46	.....	.....	Tipton,	10 10	.....	12 28
2 52	.....	.....	Fosters,	.....	.....	12 21
2 57	.....	8 03	Bell's Mills,	10 10	.....	12 10
3 15	8 55	8 20	Altoona,	9 45	7 55	12 03
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF SCHEDULE On and after Monday, Dec. 23, 1861, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

UP TRAINS.

Leave Huntingdon at 7.30 A. M. & 4.10 P. M.
" Saxton " 9.30 A. M. & 6.10 P. M.
Arrive at Hopewell " 10.15 A. M.

DOWN TRAINS.

Leave Hopewell at 10.25 A. M.
" Saxton " 11.10 A. M. & 6.30 P. M.
Arrive at Huntingdon 1.10 P. M. & 8.20 P. M.

J. J. LAWRENCE, Supt.

Dec. 3, 1861.

IF you want Carpets and Oil Cloths, call at D. P. GWIN'S where you will find the largest assortment in town.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of Lev. Fi. Fa. to me directed, I will expose to public sale or outcry, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, on SATURDAY, the 22d day of March, 1862, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

The following described lot of ground situate in the borough of Alexandria, county and State aforesaid, bounded on the north by the Pennsylvania Canal, on the west by a twenty feet alley, on the south by an alley, on the east by Harding street to the Canal aforesaid; thence by the said canal to the place of beginning, having thereon erected a Tannery containing twenty-four lay-away vats, two lines and four handles under roof, the tannery being twenty-four by forty-five feet, and frame, two stories high, and bark house thereof sixty by twenty-four feet, with a water privilege forever.

Also, all those certain lots, or parts of lots of ground, situate in the borough of Alexandria aforesaid, bounded thus: Beginning at the east corner of lot No. 10 in the town plat of said borough, on the south side of Pennsylvania Canal in a plan of lots laid out and sold by Mary Ann McLain, and running thence along said Canal, one hundred and fifty feet to a cross street; thence south to an alley twenty feet wide; thence south east one hundred and fifty feet to an eleven feet alley; thence north east along said alley to the place of beginning. Together with all and singular, the buildings and improvements, ways, waters, water courses, rights, liberties, privileges, improvements, hereditaments and appurtenances whatsoever thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining, and the reversions and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof. *Seized,* taken in execution and to be sold as the *property of Peter Kean.*

JOHN C. WATSON, *Sheriff.*

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Huntingdon, Mar. 4, 1862.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE. Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that the undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to distribute the balance remaining in the hands of James McCall and Abraham Stake, Executors of Daniel Buckwalter, dec'd., amongst those entitled to receive the same, will attend for the purpose aforesaid, on Thursday, the 27th day of March, A. D. 1862, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at his office in the borough of Huntingdon, when and where all persons having claims upon said fund should present them before the undersigned, or be thereafter barred from receiving any part thereof.

JOHN REED, *Auditor.*

Feb. 27, 1862.—4t.*

AUDITOR'S NOTICE. Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that the undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to distribute the balance remaining in the hands of George Heard and Elizabeth Heard, Administrators of William Heard, dec'd., amongst those entitled to receive the same, will attend for the purpose aforesaid, on Friday, the 28th day of March, A. D. 1862, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at his office in the borough of Huntingdon, when and where all persons having claims upon said fund must present them before the undersigned, or be thereafter barred from receiving any part thereof.

JOHN REED, *Auditor.*

Feb. 27, 1862.—4t.*

The Insurance Company of North America, at Philadelphia. *INCORPORATED* 1794. Capital and assets, $1,254,719 91. ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President. CHARLES PLATT, Secretary. OFFICE, NO. 232 WALNUT STREET.

THE undersigned, Agent for the above well known and reliable company, will make insurances against loss or damage by fire for periods from one month to perpetual, on property in town or country.

J. SIMPSON AFRICA. Huntingdon, Feb. 21, 1862—3m.

KOLLOCK'S DANDELION COFFEE. This preparation, made from the best Java Coffee is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia, and all bilious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee will use this without injurious effects. *One can* contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN, The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by M. H. KOLLOCK, CHEMIST, *Corner of Broad and Chestnut Streets,* PHILADELPHIA. And sold by all Druggists and Grocers. Feb. 24, 1862-1y.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the